

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

W. P. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

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NUMBER 10.



New Jackets and Capes.

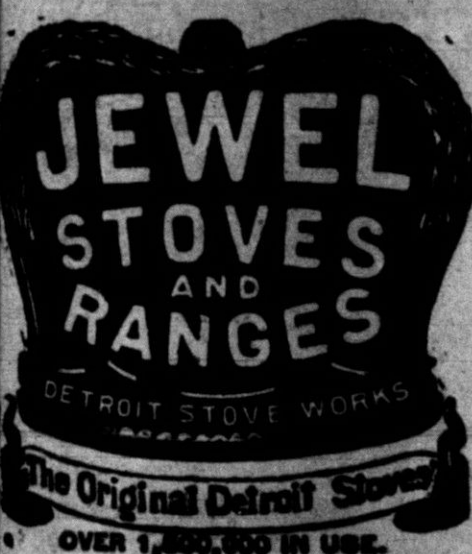
The samples advertised last week went with a rush. We have just bought another lot. Every garment marked at less than wholesale price.
Regular \$8.00 Jackets for \$5.00.
Regular \$9.00 Jackets for \$6.00.
Regular \$10.00 Jackets for \$7.50.
Regular \$12.00 Jackets for \$8.50.
Regular \$15.00 Jackets for \$10.00.
All new, this season's garments. If you want a chance at them, come quick.

All Carpets at Wholesale Prices during the next 30 days. All New. This year's Patterns.

Dry Goods.

New Dry Goods just opened. Remember, we don't deal in old truck that makes you tired to look at. Consequently we sell the goods while others do the howling on old stuff that needs moving from town to town to catch new suckers, who will pay war time prices for out-of-style goods.
Patronize the store where they always have the latest and guarantee whatever you buy to give satisfaction.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.



Stoves! Stoves!

We have a full line of Coal and Wood Heating and Cooking Stoves

And at Prices Lower than ever.

Zinc boards, oil cloth and binding, etc. Corn shellers. We are making some very low prices on Furniture.

HOAG & HOLMES.
Headquarters for Lamps.

Winter Millinery.

I now have on hand a full line of Winter Millinery. Work done in first-class style and Prices Right. Call and see for yourself.

ELLA M. CRAIG.

Parlors over Postoffice.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1884.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the market, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Special Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 16-18 1/2 Ave. Deak and Derrick 2-3 Miller Ave.

Hallowe'en.

All Hallowe'en Eve, or the evening preceding All Saints' Day, is the night set apart for rollicking fun.

Coming at a season of the year when the evenings are cool and crisp, Hallowe'en is joyfully welcomed by the boys and girls, who hasten to the kitchen garden and pluck the lingering stalks of cabbage, to know by the usual test whether their lovers are worthy or not.

"The night when spirits are abroad
Upon the earth to walk;
Then Jenny in the garden goes
And pulls a cabbage stalk.

With beating heart she hurries back,
To break it by the light;
She'll know her lover's true and good
If it be pure and white."

The custom of keeping the feast of All Saints dates from the fourth century; and in the old Greek church occurred on the first Sunday after Pentecost. In the Latin church it was observed on the 13th of May, but Pope Gregory II. changed it to the 1st of November, which is set apart for religious observances.

A modern feature of Hallowe'en is a revival of old superstitions in a "witch party," at which Dame Hallowe'en presides, with sister witches as attendants. The costumes are quaint, and the cards of invitation are in keeping with the spirit of the entertainment. Sprigs of withy, hazel, bats, sprites, all sorts of uncanny designs outlined the letters, and witches riding broomsticks are depicted as presenting them.

We who view Hallowe'en by the clear light of the nineteenth century know better than to place faith in obsolete signs and vague omens, but as a harmless diversion any or all of them may serve to divert and please, and prove potent to charm away the ill spirits of discontent and bad temper. Then all hail, Hallowe'en, as a prelude to our Thanksgiving.

Cattle Business.

Cattle are low, and so is everything else produced on the farm, yet cattle breeding during the past five years has suffered a heavy decline. During the early eighties there was a boom in cattle raising. Big prices were paid for breeding stock, and the fever spread over the western country rapidly. Even big foreign syndicates took a hand in the business. Like growers of nursery stock during the fruit fever in California, those who had pure-bred animals made lots of money, finding ready sale for more than they could produce. The collapse came, as it has always come in this country, where there are too few consumers for what is produced. Finally feeders found it cheaper to buy than to breed cattle for beef. The result is that in no part of this broad land, from Montana to the gulf of Mexico, or from the east line of Maine to Puget Sound, can cattle be said to be plenty, and yet the price is low, though the beef trust keeps up the price of dressed meat to consumption killing figures.

Bible Measures and Money.

Ezekiel's reed was nearly 11 feet; a cubit was nearly 22 inches; a hand's breadth is equal to 3 1/2 inches; a finger's breadth is equal to a little less than one inch; a shekel of silver was about two shillings and eight pence; a shekel of gold was two pounds; a talent of silver was four hundred pounds; a talent of gold was nearly six thousand pounds; a piece of silver or a penny was eight pence, halfpenny; a farthing was equal to a halfpenny; a mite was less than a farthing; a gerah was three halfpence; an ephah, or bath, contained four gallons and five pints; a hin was three quarts and three pints; an omer was six pints; a cab was five pints.—Tit Bits.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 129 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which there are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at F. P. Glazier & Co's drug store. Regular 50c and \$1.00.

This Week

We Offer You

Electric Kerosine Oil 9 cents per gallon.	Fresh Oysters. Standards 18c. Selects 23c.	6 pounds Best Crackers for 25 cents.
7 Cans Sardines for 25 cents.	Strongest Ammonia 3 cents per pint.	Try White Pine for your cough. 35c bot. for 25c
Choicest Cream Cheese 12 cents per pound.	A Fine Sugar Syrup at 20c per gallon.	A First-Class Lantern for 29 cents.
Choice Herring 12 cents per Box.	20 pounds Gran. Sugar for \$1.00	25 pounds Medium Brown Sugar for \$1.00.
Choicest New 4 Cr. Raisins 8 cents per pound.	Large Lamp Chimneys 5 cents each.	Fresh Ginger-Snaps 5 cents per pound.

No More Room for Prices,

But if you will stop at the Bank Drug Store we will give you plenty of them. When you buy Tea of us you are always sure of getting a first-class article. We have the richest and strongest brands for the money that come into this country.

Always the Highest Market Price for Eggs.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

MILLINERY.

We are now showing a full line of Fall and Winter Millinery, in all the latest styles and colors, and cordially invite the ladies of Chelsea and vicinity to call and examine my stock before buying fall or winter goods. See our assortment of Feather Boas.

MRS. J. STAFFAN.

TRIMMER—Miss M. Avery, of Howell.



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Our line of Stoves excite the admiration of every one, and the low prices astonish them—especially on Coal Stoves. Our stock is the best and largest in Chelsea. We carry the best grade of Oil Cloth in town at the lowest price. Large assortment of Stove Boards.

Shotguns, Rifles and Revolvers!

Our stock was never so complete as at the present time. Our prices lower than ever before. Hunting Coats and Shooting Vests in all sizes. Largest stock and variety of Ammunition in the State.

C. E. WHITAKER.



TAKES THE PLACE OF DANGEROUS GASOLINE. DOES IN ANY STOVE. NO SMOKE, BUT OR GOOD. 1/2 CHEAPER THAN WOOD OR COAL. WANT AGENTS on salary or commission. Send for Catalogue of Prices and Terms. NATIONAL OIL BURNER CO. 602 Cedar Ave. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

FRANCIS MARION, for twenty-nine years editor of the Kentucky Register, dropped dead at his home in Richmond, Ky.

THE Crescent Linseed Oil company's works in Chicago were burned, the loss being \$100,000.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND and his party of cabinet officials arrived at Atlanta, Ga., and were warmly greeted.

KERR CRAIG, third assistant postmaster general, in his annual report for the past fiscal year shows that postal revenues from all sources were \$76,983,138, the expenditures being \$86,790,172, an excess over receipts of \$9,807,044.

The children of William Burmeister, consisting of Lena, aged 10 years, William, Otto and Gustav, were killed by an unknown man at their home near Tower, N. D., during the absence of their parents.

THE second annual convention of the National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturers began in Chicago.

At the national meeting in Baltimore Miss Frances Willard was elected president of the W. C. T. U. for the fifteenth time.

REV. A. J. POTTER, known throughout Texas as the "fighting preacher," on account of the fearlessness of his life on the frontier, dropped dead in his pulpit at Lockhart.

FOURTEEN business blocks were destroyed by fire at Alta, la., causing a loss of \$100,000.

FOUR business buildings were burned at Madison, Minn., the loss being \$150,000.

NEAR Mount Gilead, O., Christopher Miller shot his wife fatally and then committed suicide by hanging. He had been adjudged insane, but relatives kept him from going to an asylum.

THE gelding Frank Agan defeated Robert J. John R. Gentry and Joe Patchen in a pacing race at Louisville, Ky., his best time being 2:05 1/2.

THE twenty-ninth annual meeting of the American Missionary association, which is devoted primarily to mission work among the negroes, Indians and Chinese in America, commenced in Detroit, Mich.

Boston has been made the headquarters of the National Advisory Council of the A. P. A.

At Phillipsburg, Pa., 12,000 men were involved in the miners' strike.

At the closing session in Baltimore of the Woman's Christian Temperance union resolutions were adopted admitting Catholic and Hebrew women as delegates. Banners were presented to several state unions which showed large gains in membership and there was a feast of music.

THE Arkansas supreme court sustained the prize fight law and Corbett was remanded back to the custody of the sheriff of Garland county.

THE official count of the population of Minnesota by counties shows 1,574,910, an increase of 273,084 over the count of 1890.

THE total collections of internal revenue during the first three months of the present fiscal year were \$97,744,478, against \$58,045,108 for the same period last year.

NEAR Cairo, Ill., Mrs. Roush hanged her 4-year-old daughter and herself because of poverty.

REV. William Gordon, 87 years old, of Michigan City, Ind., who was visiting his daughter at Worcester, Mass., dropped dead while attending a prayer meeting.

ENGINEER George O'Neill, Fireman C. P. Luidamood and brakeman Frank Houston were killed in a freight wreck near Max Meadows, Va.

JACK Henderson, a farm laborer who attempted to assault the wife of his employer, James Allen, at Vinegar Bend, Ala., was hanged by a mob.

A large mound on the farm of Henry T. Niles near Toledo, O., was opened and twenty skeletons, all in a sitting posture, were found.

PRESIDENTIAL day at the Atlanta exposition was attended by thousands, and President Cleveland received a warm welcome, to which he responded briefly but eloquently.

IN Baraga county, Mich., good sleighing was reported, the earliest on record. The bank of Kemp M. Woods, Jr. & Co., a private concern at Libertyville, Mo., with \$11,000 in deposits, closed its doors.

THE entire business portion of Ceres, Pa., was swept away by fire.

PETE and Henry Gabbard, brothers living on Kavanaugh's creek, Jackson county, Ky., were shot and killed by Sanford Loken, a neighbor. An old grudge was the cause.

AT Louisville, Ky., B. W. Twyman broke the 700-mile bicycle record, going the distance in 4:27:32.

THE intellectual and spiritual conditions of the Indian and the Chinaman were discussed at the meeting in Detroit of the American Missionary association.

THE National Association of Implement Manufacturers in annual session in Chicago elected H. O. Staver, of that city, as president.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage was installed as co-pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Washington.

In a rear-end collision on the New Haven road near Hyde Park, Mass., one man was killed and twelve other persons were injured, a woman fatally.

A special train on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern road ran from Chicago to Buffalo, N. Y., a distance of 510 miles, in seven hours, fifty minutes and ten seconds, an average of 64.98 miles an hour. This breaks the world's record.

A broken axle wrecked a passenger train near Newport, Pa., and Engineer Wolfkill and Fireman Haines were killed and nine other persons were injured.

At the closing session in Washington of the national conference of Unitarian and other Christian churches Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, was reelected president.

Fire destroyed more than \$100,000 worth of property in the best business portion of McKinney, Tex.

A fast express on the Burlington road was wrecked at Waldron, Mo., and ten persons were hurt, two of them seriously.

In a drunken quarrel at Wagoner, I. T., Zeke and Dick Crittenden, United States marshals, were shot and killed by Ed Reed, also a marshal.

Twenty business buildings were burned at Gibsonburg, O., the total loss being \$250,000.

The Woman's National Press association met at Atlanta, Ga.

The fancy goods store of B. Stark & Co., in Albany, N. Y., was burned, the loss being \$200,000.

The Columbia National bank at Tacoma, Wash., closed its doors.

The American Missionary association in session at Detroit selected Boston as the place of holding the next meeting and elected Merrill E. Gates, of Massachusetts, as president.

It was said that the Texas sugar crop would be far below the average.

Sidney Lane and C. H. Neville, railroad men at Houston, Tex., killed each other in a duel with pistols.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 25th aggregated \$1,148,708,311, against \$1,161,932,962 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 25.7.

THE wife and three children of Granville Lancaster (colored) were burned to death at Livingston, Ala.

Marsh and forest fires in the vicinity of Seymour and New London, Wis., were doing much damage.

JAMES Case, wholesale dealer in boots and shoes in New York, failed for \$500,000.

George McCrary, a negro convicted of the murder of another negro, was hanged at Greenville, Ga.

Fire destroyed the Jesse Thompson & Co. lumber plant and 44 frame houses at Augusta, Ga. Loss, \$100,000.

A movement has been inaugurated at Vicksburg, Miss., to found a national military park there similar to the ones at Gettysburg and Chancellorsville.

THERE were 231 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 25th, against 263 the week previous and 253 in the corresponding time in 1894.

At the closing session in Meriden, Conn., of the Universalist convention a resolution favoring union with the Unitarians was defeated.

THE State bank at Gothenburg, Neb., closed its doors. The failure was due to the slowness of collections.

Forest fires on the Oneida reservation near Green Bay, Wis., burned eight dwellings, and in the destruction of the house of John Skanihore, an Indian, three children were burned to death.

By the falling of a brick wall in Clyde, O., nine men were badly injured.

An advance copy of the report of the interstate commerce commission for the past year shows that railways in the United States have 779,608 employees and 7,035 general officers.

THE annual report of Inspector General Breckinridge shows that the United States army has attained a high standard of discipline and that the officers generally are competent.

THE national congress of Free Thinkers, with representatives from every city and state in the union and Canada, commenced in New York.

THE most destructive forest fires known in the history of Pennsylvania were raging in the vicinity of Hurlingham.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE democrats of Detroit, Mich., nominated Samuel Goldwater for mayor.

Oliver Ames, governor of Massachusetts in 1890, died at his home in North Easton, Mass., aged 64 years.

Rev. Hayden Rayburn, a well-known Methodist minister, died at Kokomo, Ind., aged 84 years. In his ministry of sixty years he married 1,277 couples.

THE republican national committee will meet at the Arlington hotel, Washington, on December 10 to designate a time and place for the meeting of the national convention in 1900.

Mrs. Susan Cook died at Quincy, Ill., quietly celebrating her 100th birthday.

Stanislaw Padewski, the Polish pianist, after an absence of twelve months arrived in New York.

Mrs. Mary Connors, aged 107 years, died at her home in Sandusky, O. She was born in Ireland in 1788.

JAMES Kelley, of Normal, Ill., died at the age of 80 years. He was the original of the character of Phineas Fletcher in "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Spencer G. Millard, lieutenant governor of California, died at his home in Los Angeles, aged 39 years.

Mrs. Almira Worthington, aged 98 years, the oldest person in Muskegon, Mich., died suddenly of heart disease.

Ex-United States Senator Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska, died of paralysis in Washington, aged 71 years.

JAMES M. Wilcox, aged 71, who first produced the "localized fiber" paper used by the government for its notes and bonds, died at Hartford, Pa.

John Bullinger, aged 104 years, died at Mattoon, Ill. He leaves a widow 99 years of age.

John M. Palmer announced that he would not be a candidate for reelection to the senate of the United States from Illinois.

Mrs. Rebecca Graham, aged 103 years, believed to be the oldest person in Alabama, died at Grimestown.

FOREIGN.

FOURTEEN Chinamen were put to death at Ku Cheng for taking part in the massacre of missionaries at Hwa Sang.

Thirty persons were drowned at Caliacan, Lower California, by a storm which destroyed La Paz.

Henry Reeves, the English historian, died in London, aged 83 years. He was for many years editor of the Edinburgh Review.

Advices from Havana say that it is the daily practice of the Spanish jailers to take ten prisoners from the forts and prisons each day and shoot them.

THE Turks attacked the Armenians inhabiting the village of Senius and twenty-four persons were killed on both sides.

GREAT Britain made a suggestion to this country to form an alliance for the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine jointly as against other nations.

Sir Henry Parkes, aged 80 years, ex-prime minister of New South Wales, was married at Sydney to Miss Julia Lynch.

IT was stated that early next spring work on an extensive scale would be again commenced on the Panama canal.

THE cholera epidemic in Honolulu was pronounced ended.

In a riot at Erzincjan the Turks killed 60 Armenians.

Fifty young Turks who participated in the recent Armenian riots were drowned in the river at Constantinople by the Turkish officials.

Prussia has just published the result of the recent census. The entire population June 14, 1895, was 31,491,209, an increase of 1,535,928 since December, 1890.

England was closely watching Russia's actions in the orient, the departure of a fleet of war ships for Corea being taken as an indication that the czar had designs upon China.

LATER.

A train on the Grand Trunk road was wrecked near South Bend, Ind., and the four passenger cars, a mail car and a baggage car were burned and nine persons were injured.

JOHN M. Farnham, the inventor of the Farnham type-setting machine, died in Hartford, Conn., aged 76 years.

PATRICK Callahan jumped from the Poughkeepsie bridge into the Hudson river, a distance of 212 feet, and died soon afterwards from injuries received.

Fire in the oil regions south of Toledo, O., caused a loss of over \$150,000.

Francis A. Coffin, found guilty of aiding in the wrecking of the Indianapolis national bank, was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary.

PRAIRIE fires were doing immense damage in Porter and Jasper counties in Indiana.

William Young, aged 23, was hanged at the San Quentin (Cal.) prison for the murder of Pierre Latestore in Monterey county March 22, 1894.

THE University of Virginia at Charlottesville suffered a loss of \$300,000 from fire.

Bamberger, Bloom & Co., the largest wholesale dry goods firm in Louisville, Ky., made an assignment with liabilities of over \$1,000,000.

THE census of the City of Mexico shows 401,112 inhabitants.

THE tug T. T. Morford exploded in the river at Chicago, killing Capt. John Ferguson, Engineer Charles Dick and Fireman John Erickson.

THE completed census of Iowa gives the state a population of 2,057,250, a gain of 145,354 over the census of 1890.

THE Whitney glass works at Glassboro, N. J., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

Kasper & Barnes, Chicago jewelers, failed for \$100,000.

Robert Brown, the famous scientific explorer and writer, died in London, aged 53 years.

IT was reported that Swedes would establish a large colony in West Florida.

PRESIDENT Lane, of the Southern Cotton Growers' association, says the cotton crop will be 6,500,000 bales.

FIRE destroyed 19 buildings in Plano, Tex., the loss being \$200,000.

A mob, composed chiefly of farmers, stormed the jail at Tiffin, O., in an effort to lynch Lee F. Martin, the murderer of Marshal Shultz. The sheriff's force fired on the mob, instantly killing Christian Mott and Henry Muchler. Troops were sent to the scene to prevent further trouble.

Life and song,
If life were taught by a clarinet
And a wild heart throbbing in the reed,
Should thrill its joys and trill its fret
And utter its love in love's own deed;
Then would this breathing clarinet
Type what I would that I might be,
For none of the poets ever yet
Has wholly lived his minstrelsy;
Or wholly sung his true, true thought
Or utterly bodied forth his life,
Or made what God made when He wrought
One perfect self of man and wife;
Or lived and sung, that life and song
Might each express the other's all,
Careless if life or art were long,
Since both were one, to stand or fall;
So that the wonder struck the crowd,
Who shouted it about the land;
His song was only a living aloud—
His work was a singing with his hand!
—Sidney Lanier, in Philadelphia Press.

The Guileless Chinaman.
It is the guileless Chinaman,
Upon his way he goes
With merry smile and cheek of tan
And basketful of clothes.

The mocking jibes and taunting cries
He neither heeds nor cares;
But still upon his way he lies
And minds his own affairs.
He never swears, he never fights,
He never loafs nor drinks;
He never "stands up for his rights,"
Or tells you what he thinks.

His terms are strictly C. O. D.,
He asks but what's his due;
Don't bother him at all, and he
Will never bother you.

And oft beneath his hat you'll see
His plaited hair close rolled;
He goes his way, but yet could he
A curious tale unfold.

—Puck.

The Recluse.
Apart from all the world, its joy and dole,
He sits engrossed in dreamy reverie;
And, like the far-off murmurings of the sea,
Whose billows after billows onward roll
In ceaseless mighty rush to shoreward goal,
He hears the voices of humanity;
And all their varied chorus seems to be
Some strange mysterious music to his soul
Through all the years his thoughts were of
himself;
No worldly cares e'er clouded o'er his
mind,
Or tried his metal in this earthly strife.
Ambition dead! He has no need of pelf;
And holding naught in common with man-
kind,
He thinks that his is but a wasted life.

—Hildreth George McFarland, in Chicago Post.

The acme of politeness was reached by a mining superintendent who posted a placard reading: "Please do not tumble down the shaft." —Tit-Bits.

If I might control the literature of the household, I would guarantee the well-being of the church and state. —Bacon.

All science rests on a basis of faith, for it assumes the permanence and uniformity of natural laws. —Tryon Edwards.

TEACHER—"Danny, define the word 'maximum.'" Danny—"It's—It's de limit." —Indianapolis Journal.

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SWAMP
ROOT
The Great
KIDNEY,
LIVER &
BLADDER
CURE.
At Druggists, 50c & \$1.
Advice & Pamphlet free.
Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

The nervous system is weakened by the
Neuralgia Torture.
Every nerve is strengthened in the cure of it by
SANITARY OIL

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The great success of the chocolate preparations of the house of **Walter Baker & Co.** (established in 1780) has led to the placing on the market many misleading and unscrupulous imitations of their name, labels, and wrappers. **Walter Baker & Co.** are the oldest and largest manufacturers of pure and high-grade Cocos and Chocolates on this continent. No chemicals are used in their manufactures. Consumers should ask for, and be sure that they get, the genuine **Walter Baker & Co.'s** goods.
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35 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, 25 of which have been Devoted to Surgery and Chronic Diseases, have Enabled us to Learn Exceedingly well the Means by which Cures are Made.
WE CURE
Rupture of all kinds by a process which does away forever with trusses, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Gravel, Stricture, and all diseases of the Bladder and Prostate Gland. We operate for Cross Eyes, Cataract, Ovarian Tumors, Stone in Bladder and cure all curable diseases of the Kidneys by the latest and most improved method. **SEND FOR A BOOK FREE.**
CANCERS CAN BE PERMANENTLY CURED.
Diseases of the Joints, Old Sores, Tumors, Cancer, Ulcers, Scrofula, Paralysis, Spinal Curvature, Hip Joint Disease, Hare Lip, Cleft Palate, and diseases of the Throat and Lungs are treated and cured by those improved methods for which the last ten years are famous. Send for a book free.
DISEASES OF WOMEN
We are especially prepared for the treatment of diseases peculiar to women. Our arrangements for the cure of this class of patients are very complete. Send for a book free.
NERVOUS DISEASES
We have devoted special time and study to all diseases of the nervous system, such as mental weakness, disturbed mind, loss of memory, confusion of ideas, etc., resulting from diseases of the system. We cure them all. Come, write or send for a book free.
This is an old and permanent institution. We have been here 35 years. A large and commodious building, 60 rooms, baths, electricity, elevator and everything modern.
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Depends upon a healthy body and a contented mind
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Mother Goose
IN NEW CLOTHES.
A lively little child's book containing ten beautiful lithographic color plates, ten black and white drawings and lots of snappy jingles.
Sent Free
to any mother who will forward a two cent stamp and her name and address to
RICHARDSON & DELONG BROS.,
Philadelphia.
BEST IN THE WORLD.

THE RISING SUN
STOVE POLISH
For durability and for cheapness this preparation is truly unrivalled.
PASTE STOVE POLISH
BEST IN THE WORLD
THE SUN PASTE POLISH for a quick after-dinner shine, applied with a cloth.
Horse Bros., Props., Canton, Mass., U.S.A.

WANTED
Canvassers to sell Fine Trees at Fair Prices. Cash pay weekly. We furnish working capital, experience, etc. You cannot fail if you sell for the great **MO. & ILL. STARK NURSERIES**, 7th year. 1,000 acres Nurseries. 45,000 acres Orchards. Write quick, giving age, references, etc. Stark Bros., Louisiana, Mo., or Rockport, Ill.

A LOCATION FOR BUSINESS
I will give you information in regard to towns in the best sections of Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and Missouri. I will give you information in regard to three locations and help you in investigating and selecting. **W. J. KETCH**, Industrial and Insurance Agent, Chicago Street Western Railway, 604 Redwood Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

THE DREAM-SHIP.

When all the world is fast asleep,
Along the midnight skies—
As though it were a wandering cloud—
The ghostly Dream-Ship flies.

An angel stands at the Dream-Ship's helm,
An angel stands at the prow,
And an angel stands at the Dream-Ship's side
With a rue-wreath on her brow.

The other angels, silver-crowned,
Pilot and helmsman are,
But the angel with the wreath of rue
Tosses the dream-ship afar.

The dreams they fall on rich and poor,
They fall on young and old;
And some are dreams of poverty
And some are dreams of gold.

And some are dreams that thrill with joy,
And some that melt to tears;
Some are dreams of the dawn of love,
And some of the old, dead years.

On rich and poor alike they fall,
Alike on young and old,
Bringing to slumbering earth their joys
And sorrows manifold.

The friendless youth in them shall do
The deeds of mighty men,
And drooping age shall feel the grace
Of buoyant youth again.

The king shall be a beggarman,
The pauper be a king,
In that revenge of recompense
The Dream-Ship dreams do bring.

So ever downward float the dreams
That are for all and me,
And there is never mortal man
Can solve that mystery.

But ever onward in its course
Along the haunted skies—
As though it were a cloud astray—
The ghostly Dream-Ship flies.

The angels with their silver crowns
Pilot and helmsman are,
And an angel with a wreath of rue
Tosses the dream-ship afar.

—Eugene Field, in Chicago Record.

BENTLEY'S GHOST.

BY WILL LISENBEE.

I never told you the story of Bentley's ghost, did I? Well, it all happened during my second voyage to Rio in the Vixen. Mark Bentley had taken passage with us, and a likelier young man you never saw. He was going to enter the establishment of his uncle, Nicholas Barton, of the firm of Barton and Clipping, brokers and shipping merchants, and as old Barton was getting up in years, and had no nearer kin, it was generally understood that young Bentley would be heir to his large fortune.

We had been out a week from New York when Mark disappeared. Overboard—that was all we could make of it, sir, and there wasn't a man aboard the Vixen but was shocked at the incident. The whole thing was a mystery, for there wasn't a soul could tell for certain what had become of Bentley. But as he was not on board, there was only one conclusion to come to, and that was he had fallen overboard and been lost.

But as he was a young man who never took strong drink, and as there had been no stormy weather since leaving port, the mystery about poor Bentley's disappearance seemed all the more puzzling.

The night of Bentley's disappearance was very dark, and about three in the morning, as I was taking my turn at the wheel, I thought I heard a splash forward, and I was pretty sure some one had gone overboard. I threw a couple of life buoys over and gave the alarm; but, bless you, they only pooh-poohed at me, and the mate flared up and says to me:

"Spriggins, you'd better take less grog, and you won't see men going overboard like this."

Well, they don't make so light of me when it is discovered that Bentley is missing, which is not till some hours after; but Capt. Strong refuses to lay by, swearing a good deal that such an accident should happen aboard him.

"But if passengers will go staggering overboard in fair weather," says he, "or, what's more likely, commit suicide, I am not to stand by a whole day to look for a corpse lying at the bottom of the sea."

So, with sails set, we continued our course to Rio. Off the West Indies a heavy squall struck us and carried us far out of our course, and for the next week the weather was about as rough as one would want to see. Aside from a small leak which was sprung and some cabin skylights which were smashed by falling yards, the Vixen suffered no damage to speak of.

I think it was the night after the storm had blown itself out that Bentley's ghost was first seen. It was well on in the night, and I was taking my turn at the wheel, when all of a sudden Magsby comes on deck looking white as a sheet. Magsby was a man of about forty who had taken passage to Rio, and, barring the fact that he drank a good deal of liquor, I knew nothing about him. Well, he comes up to the binnacle, and leaning on the rail looks as if he might go over, so white and shaky he was.

After standing there for a moment and saying nothing, he asks:

"Do you believe in dead men's ghosts?"

"I can't say," I replied, "being as I never saw one."

"Well," says he, after a moment's silence, "if I didn't see Bentley's ghost in my cabin just now, then I never saw anything in my life."

Of course, I thought he had only been drinking a little too much, and had imagined he had seen a ghost. So I

only smiled and said that I guessed he had been dreaming or had had a nightmare.

"No, sir," he said, running his hand over his face, as if to brush something away; "it was no dream, and I say to you, as certain as God lives, I saw the ghost of Mark Bentley this night!"

"Nonsense!" said I. "Surely you can't believe what you are saying. It's only a fancy."

But for all that there was something in the man's look that gave me a kind of "creepy" feeling.

"Say what you will," he replied, "but just come to my cabin with me as soon as you are relieved from your post, and you can see for yourself."

With this, he walked forward and stood leaning on the rail, gazing into the sea. Although it is no uncommon thing to see sailors who firmly believe in such superstitious stories, I am not one of them. Still, I couldn't get the man's words and looks out of my mind, and when I was relieved I went to him, and, in a light tone, said:

"Come now, and we'll go down and take a look at Bentley's ghost."

Without a word, he led the way to his cabin. It was quite dark in there, for there was no light save what came through a bit of skylight that hadn't been covered with a tarpaulin. I was about to strike a light, when he caught me by the arm and turned my face toward the bunk where he had been sleeping.

"Look!" he cried, in a frightened whisper, his hold tightening on my arm. "I saw it again, but it faded away! There—there it is!"

I turned my face toward the bunk, and as I did so I saw a kind of shimmering light hovering over the pillow. It seemed to move back and forth with the swaying of the vessel. Then all of a sudden it grew brighter, and, as I am living, there was the face of Mark Bentley as plain as I see yours this moment.

Well, sir, you might have knocked me down with a feather. I stood there looking at it till a kind of cry came from Magsby.

"You see it?" he asked, just as if they were the last words he would ever speak.

"Yes," says I, "I—I saw something—"

He uttered a groan, and I think he would have fallen had I not caught him. When I looked again, the strange vision had disappeared.

Magsby and I went from the cabin together, and from that moment he never entered the place again.

He slept with me in my bunk that night; that is, he turned in with me, but I don't think he closed his eyes all night. Of course the story that Bentley's ghost had been seen in Magsby's cabin was soon known to every sailor on board, and there was no end of talk over the strange incident. I was called upon to tell all I knew of the affair, and my story was listened to with mingled expressions of doubt and credulity.

The next night a crowd of sailors visited the cabin where the vision had appeared, but nothing was seen of the ghostly visitant. Magsby, however, kept aloof from the place, and could not be induced to enter. He seemed to be terribly downcast, and in a few days a great change had come over him. His cheeks were hollow, his face haggard, and he was forever glancing about him, as if he expected any moment to see something dreadful.

One night he came to my cabin, and throwing himself on the edge of the bunk, said in a husky voice:

"Tain't no use in trying—I can't stand this; it's worrying the life out of me."

"Why—what is it?" I asked, though I well knew what he meant.

"Bentley's ghost," was the reply. "It's going to drive me into the sea yet, to follow poor Bentley."

"That's all foolish talk," I said. "It is a little strange what we saw in the cabin that night, but what's the harm of it? Didn't I see as well as yourself? Still, I don't see as that's any reason that I should go talking of jumping into the sea over it."

"But you don't know all," he went on, in a strange, hesitating way. Then, letting his voice sink to a whisper, he said, with a sort of gasp, as if the words were forced from him: "Spriggins, I've got to tell it to some one—I murdered Mark Bentley!"

As you may well believe, the fellow's words completely upset me. I hardly knew whether to believe his words or not, for I had come to the conclusion that poor Magsby had gone clear daft over the ghost business.

"What! Do you mean to tell me that you killed Bentley?" I gasped, as soon as I was able to find my voice.

"It is the truth, as I live and as God is my witness!" he replied.

I could only stare at him in blank amazement.

"Yes," he went on, "I pushed him overboard the night you thought some one had fallen over. Why did I commit the dreadful deed? Well, I can soon tell you, though I reckon the word 'drink' would explain it, for, though I had reasons to want him out of the way, I would never have taken a human life except when under the influence of strong drink. My name is not Magsby, but Silas Green, and I am a first cousin of Bentley, though he did not know me when I came aboard, for we had not met before for many years. You not met before for many years. You see, I had some notion that I might in-

herit the most of Nicholas Barton's fortune if Mark was out of the way, but as my life had been a wild one, I knew that my uncle would leave me nothing once Mark should reach Rio. I did not know that my cousin was on board till after we had set sail, and then I was so filled with rage and disappointment that I began to drink heavily. It was in a fit of drunken madness that the idea of putting my rival for my uncle's money out of the way first came to me. The opportunity soon came. I found him leaning over the rail one dark night, and, striking him a heavy blow, I hurled him into the sea. That is the story. His ghost has returned to haunt me, and I shall give myself to the authorities when the Vixen returns to America."

With these words he left me. I informed the captain of Magsby's confession, and, like myself, he was at first inclined to doubt the man's sanity; but it was thought best to keep a watch upon him till the affair could be investigated on our arrival at Rio.

But there was a surprise awaiting us, for when we dropped anchor in Rio harbor, who should come on board but Mark Bentley, alive and well, and not looking the least bit like a ghost.

Well, you can imagine the surprise of every soul of us when he stepped upon the deck. As for Magsby, he looked like a corpse; but when he found that it was really Bentley in the flesh, he was the happiest mortal I ever set eyes on.

Bentley had escaped a watery grave by almost a miracle. He was stunned when thrown overboard, but the cool water revived him, and while swimming about in the darkness, he came in contact with one of the life-preservers I had thrown overboard. He managed to cling to this till daylight, when he was picked up by the Penguin, a steamer bound for Rio, so he arrived in port nearly a week ahead of us.

Magsby—or Green, as his real name was—was so repentant for what he had done that Bentley forgave him, and a few days later he shipped in an English vessel for Liverpool, and that was the last I ever saw of him. As to the ghost—well, it was a very simple thing when we came to understand it. When the story was told to Bentley, he seemed puzzled at first, but in a moment he smiled quietly, and said he could soon explain the whole affair. With this he mounted the skylight, and soon came back with a small square of glass in his hand. It was what he called a dry-plate photograph negative, and contained his own picture. He was an amateur photographer, and had been printing some pictures he had taken on shore, and had placed them on the skylight of one of the cabins, so as to be out of the way. An old negative of himself he had thrown aside, and it had got caught in a crevice of the sash and stuck there. Afterward, when some of the skylights had been broken in the storm, a tarpaulin was placed over them to keep out the spray from the waves, and as the spot where the negative lay became uncovered, the moon shining through it had had something of the effect of a magic lantern, and had caused an enlarged picture of himself to be thrown into the cabin below. When a cloud passed over the moon, as it undoubtedly did while we were looking at it that night, the picture disappeared. It was all simple enough when we understood it; but if Bentley had never turned up to explain the affair, I would never have been certain I did not see a ghost that night aboard the Vixen.—N. Y. Ledger.

A Race of Pigmies.

Several years ago an interesting discovery was made in Switzerland—the bones of a number of dwarfs, true pigmies, were found during some excavations at Schwellersbild. The adults were apparently about four feet to four feet five inches in height. They seemed to be very well formed and to have lived with or near other tribes of the usual stature. It may have been that the burial grounds were the same and that they occupied different localities. With these bones, some highly polished stone implements and well-made and interesting specimens of pottery were taken out. The period in which these people lived is supposed to have been the Neolithic. The discovery has attracted a good deal of attention, and further investigations are to be made. It is suggested that all countries establish bureaus or commissions for the purpose of collecting and preserving the antiquities and also to set on foot inquiries that may lead to discoveries of great importance.—N. Y. Ledger.

—There's no music in a "rest," but there's the making of music in it. And people are always missing that part of the life melody, always talking of perseverance and courage and fortitude; but patience is the finest and worthiest part of fortitude, and the rarest, too.—Ruskin.

—What is strength without a double share of wisdom? Vast, unwieldy, burdensome, proudly secure, yet liable to fall by weakest subtleties; strength's not made to rule, but to subserve, where wisdom bears command.—Milton.

—The petasus was a Roman hat, consisting of crown and brim, and closely resembling the ordinary soft felt hats now much used in the rural districts of this country.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Gift to Education.

Charles H. Hackley, the millionaire lumberman, made an offer to the board of education at Muskegon which increases his contributions to education to \$500,000. It is his desire to erect a manual training school for the boys and girls of that city. The offer provides for a \$30,000 building and for \$5,000 a year during his life. At his death he is to provide in his will an endowment of \$100,000, the interest of which is to be used to defray the expenses of the school.

Mine Owners Are Hustling.

The Marquette range iron mine owners are hustling to produce as near their maximum output as possible before navigation closes, and are also cleaning up stock piles with great energy. The Lake Superior Iron company's section 21 mine at Ishpeming resumed work with 300 men. The Buffalo also resumed at Negaunee and will employ 300 men. There are 2,500 miners now at work at Ishpeming and 1,000 at Negaunee.

State Board of Health.

Reports to the state board of health by 59 observers in different parts of the state during the week ended October 19 show that scarlet fever, tonsillitis and bronchitis increased and cholera morbus and remittent fever decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 180 places, scarlet fever at 32, typhoid fever at 113, diphtheria at 30, measles at 41, whooping cough at 9, and smallpox at Detroit and Rochester.

Oldest and Youngest Knight.

The old Mexican war veteran, Gen. Andrew T. McReynolds, of Grand Rapids, is the oldest knight templar living in the United States, and he thinks in the world. Robert E. Watson, of Coopersville, lays claim to being the youngest knight templar in the world. He was born in Coopersville twenty-two years ago and was raised to the degree of master mason by Ottawa lodge, No. 122, January 3, 1895.

Tax Cases to Be Reopened.

Circuit Court Judge Stone, of the Twenty-fifth circuit, set aside 1,600 real estate descriptions for taxes at Crystal Falls, Iron county, on account of errors and informalities of the local assessing officers in assessing the tax of 1893 which are delinquent. Auditor General Turner proposes to have the action reviewed by the supreme court in an effort to enforce the collection of the state tax.

Practically Ruined.

Alfred Mosher, Jr., junior member of the firm of Alfred Mosher & Son which recently filed mortgages at Bay City for \$273,000, in an interview said that he would be left without a cent, while his father, who, before the crash had an independent fortune, would be ruined. He said the crash had been coming for three years. It was said the total liabilities would reach \$900,000.

Missing Woman Returns.

Mrs. J. H. Jewett, the prominent society woman who so mysteriously disappeared from her home in Menominee some time ago, saying that she would kill herself and giving her husband minute directions as to what should be done with her effects, came home on a late train. She said she had been in Chicago. Physicians said she was insane.

Rescue Two Men.

The yacht Gracie M., while crossing from East Tawas to the Point, foundered in the heavy sea and her two occupants, Capt. Albert Ash, owner of the yacht, and Frank Harris, who was with him, had a narrow escape from drowning. They were rescued by the life-saving crew after they had been in the water over half an hour.

Brief News Items.

The steamer John Craig, bound down with a cargo of 74,000 bushels of wheat, struck at Ballard's reef and sank.

Mayor Pingree was unanimously re-nominated for mayor for a fourth time by the republicans of Detroit. Samuel Goldwater is the democratic nominee.

The petition of Loud & Son, lumber manufacturers, asking that the part of the city of Osceola in which their mill is situated be transferred to the village of Au Sable, was granted by the board of supervisors.

Houghton county, with a population of 50,000, has five national, one state and one private bank. The five national banks had resources on October 1 of over \$4,750,000.

Charges of wholesale corruption among the officers of Hamtramck township, near Detroit, led Gov. Rich to remove from office Supervisor George Howercroft and justices of the peace Herman J. Martine and William Finn.

Hjalmar Erickson, aged 17, was discovered dead in his father's barn at Calumet, a bullet hole in his head. It was supposed he accidentally shot himself.

The firms of Kuttner, Rosenfeld & Co., wholesale clothing dealers, and Louis Kuttner & Co., wholesale tobacco dealers, failed in Detroit, with total liabilities of \$20,000.

Otsego county will have about 200,000 bushels of potatoes for shipment this fall. The average price is 12 cents a bushel.

There were being circulated in Alpena county petitions for the pardon of all the Molitor murderers except Repke, the informer.

CAMPOS' PLANS.

Spanish Commander Outlines His Policy in Cuba.

Madrid, Oct. 28.—A dispatch to the Imparcial from Havana says that in an interview Capt. Gen. Campos said he was determined to thoroughly try a policy of leniency towards the insurgents. According to the dispatch Marshal Campos declared that if a change in this policy was found necessary 150,000 more troops would be required to quell the insurrection, and even then 75,000 men would perish. He mentioned the plan, already outlined in these dispatches, to assume the offensive next month in the province of Santa Clara; he then personally leading a force of 25,000 men and moving forward in an extensive line across the whole island, thus driving the rebels into the mountains and forests of the provinces of Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba before the middle of March.

The rebellion will thus be isolated in the eastern part of the island, where Campos thinks the resistance to the government is likely to be prolonged. The plan includes the alternative scheme of dividing the island into zones, each of which will be allotted to a different commander, whose duty it will be to constantly patrol his zone, driving the insurgents from point to point, and also the making of attacks concurrently on several places. Should this latter plan be adopted, Marshal Campos hopes to have the first zone cleared of insurgents in two months.

He observed that Spain was ready to send even more troops than he had asked for, but the speediest dispatch of the reinforcements was imperative. He declared that the sanitary department was excellently organized and that there were plenty of hospitals. True, he added, all the doctors were not acquainted with yellow fever, but they confronted their duties with the greatest heroism. Thirteen of the doctors had died since the outbreak of the rebellion.

Continuing, the captain general said he believed that the United States would eventually recognize the insurgents as belligerents, but he did not fear the result of such recognition. It would clear the air and the Spanish fleet would be able to seize filibusters anywhere, because a foreign flag could not cover contraband of war. If the United States is determined to secure the independence of Cuba and sent an army to the island the present obscure operations would be replaced by a real war, the success of which would depend on pitched battles. In that case, if the chance of war did not favor Spain, the island would, at least, be honorably lost.

WHOLESALE SLAUGHTER.

Continuation of the Armenian Riots—Nine Hundred Slain in Trebizond.

Constantinople, Oct. 28.—Details have been received from a Turkish source of the recent rioting at Erzingen, in Asiatic Turkey. It is said that the trouble had its origin in the killing of a Mussulman priest by an Armenian. The murder bitterly incensed the Mohammedans against the Armenians and an attack was made by the former upon the latter. The Armenians defended themselves, and in the fight that followed 50 Armenians and 10 Mohammedans were killed.

The governor of Bitlis, Asiatic Turkey, has telegraphed to the porte that a body of armed Armenians attacked the mosques in that city on Friday last—the Mohammedan Sabbath—while the Mohammedans were at prayers. The latter, being unarmed, had to defend their lives with sticks and stones. The officials were speedily informed of the outbreak and at once sent police, gendarmes and soldiers to all quarters of the town to restore peace. Some of the Armenians afterward barricaded themselves in khans and continued to use their firearms. A number of persons on both sides were killed or wounded.

London, Oct. 28.—The Daily News publishes letters from Trebizond, Turkish Armenia, stating that the number of victims in the recent rioting are estimated at 700 in the town and 200 in the surrounding villages. Many Armenian women have vanished and there is scarcely a doubt that they have been either murdered or kidnapped. Most of the houses occupied by Armenians were burned. There is great distress among the survivors, who in large numbers are living in sheds or in the woods. Telegrams from Marash report that the situation there is serious and that the English and American missionaries are in peril.

SENSATIONAL DISCLOSURE.

Contents of Epistle Said to Have Been Written by Durrant.

San Francisco, Oct. 28.—The Examiner says that the contents of the mysterious letter which was to be opened in case Theodore Durrant is convicted are known. In this letter, it is said, Durrant makes the statement that he saw the last details of the murder and saw Rev. J. George Gibson and another man prominent in church affairs bending over the body of Blanche Lamont.

The Examiner says that although Durrant requested his lawyers not to open the letter unless he was convicted, they have opened it, and so remarkable were the statements it contained that even they did not believe them, and refrained from using them in Durrant's defense.

"Who Hesitates is Lost."

Did you ever notice that if you are at a cross roads, and undecided which way to turn, you invariably select the wrong road?

But if you are deciding what place to buy your drugs and groceries you can make no mistake by choosing our store for you are always sure of finding the best of everything in our line.

Watch for our line of
Holiday Goods.
R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.
«PORTRAIT»



Given Away with One Dozen Cabinet Photos.

"Stella Cabinets," "Little Queens," Have you seen our Mat Surface
'Mantellos' and "Brownies" at the Photographs? The latest thing out
very Lowest Prices. For large work it excels.

Our aim in the past has been to please, and still we hold to our motto.
E. E. SHAVER,
Gallery Over Holmes' Store, Chelsea, Michigan.

For **SAFETY** and to **DRAW INTEREST,**

Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.
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Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.
W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

We Personally
"Cut" Every Garment

That's made up at this establishment "as well as fit it," and look after all details. This is ONE reason why our PRICES ARE MODERATE.

GEO. WEBSTER, The Tailor.

What Do You
Expect to Find

In a first-class meat market? The first thing is the class of meat kept in stock—whether it is nice, tender and juicy, or tough as a 10-year old Texas steer. Being satisfied on this point, you begin to look around as to the cleanliness of the market and clerks. We would be pleased to have you call and put us to this test. We pride ourselves on our cleanliness, and all our meats will be found first-class and the best in the market. Our prices will always be found just right, too.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

GROFF'S Rheumatic Cure

Is the only positive Cure known to the Medical Profession for the Cure of Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Ovarian Neuralgia, Dysmenorrhea, Psoriasis, Scrofula, Liver and Kidney Diseases. A positive Cure effected in from 6 to 18 days. For sale by all Druggists.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

B. Parker was a Detroit visitor last Tuesday.

N. E. Freer, of Lima, spent last week in Chicago.

Village Marshal Pierce was in Ann Arbor Tuesday.

G. Weick was in Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti Tuesday.

J. A. Eisenman was an Ann Arbor visitor last Tuesday.

Richard Whallan has been granted an increase of pension.

Geo. Begole and family spent Sunday with Ann Arbor friends.

Edward Seiffert left for Detroit Tuesday to visit his daughter.

Rev. D. Shire, of Union City, called on Chelsea friends this week.

Miss Margaret Cassidy and Mrs. Peter Wilkins are dangerously ill.

Mrs. Mat Schwickers has had her house on Summit street remodeled.

Miss Ollie Schlect's friends tendered her a surprise party last Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Tuttle are visiting relatives and friends in Brooklyn, N. Y.

G. W. Turnbull is having a new barn built in the rear of his residence on Congdon street.

Dr. Cassidy, of South Bend, Ind., was the guest of his sisters, the Misses Cassidy, a week ago.

The Rev. Fathers Kelly, of Ann Arbor, and Fleming, of Dexter, were guests at St. Mary's rectory last Monday.

The case of Herbert Schwickers vs. M. C. R. was settled last week. The company pays Schwickers \$513.35.

The Rev. M. J. Comerford and Mr. Samuel Roberts, of Pinckney, were guests at St. Mary's rectory last Wednesday.

Messrs. L. T. Freeman, Chas. Whitaker, J. J. Raftery, Tommy McNamara and John Farrell were in Detroit Tuesday.

Owing to growing trade S. A. Mapes has had to increase the capacity of his laundry, and now occupies the entire building.

The dwelling house on Robert Leach's farm, northwest of Chelsea, was destroyed by fire last Monday morning together with all his household goods. Insured in the Washtenaw Mutual.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman Barrett, of Watkins, N. Y., and Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg, of Jackson, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Hamilton this week.

"Mr. Macy kept the audience in a roar with his comic recitals, stories and pantomime"—N. Y. Sunday Times. At the Opera House, Chelsea, Nov. 6.

Next Friday, Nov. 1, 1895, will be the Feast of All Saints, a holy day of obligation in the Catholic church. Services will be held in St. Mary's church at 6 and 10 a. m.

The roof of the house in rear of Beissel's cooper shop caught fire from the chimney last Saturday afternoon, but a few pails of water extinguished the blaze before much damage was done.

Jas. Allen's farmhouse, about two miles northeast of Chelsea, was consumed by fire Wednesday morning together with nearly all his household goods. Loss about \$1,800. Insured in the Washtenaw Mutual for \$1,200.

Next Saturday, Nov. 2, 1895, will be the Commemoration of All the Souls of the Faithful Departed. It is a day of impressive solemnity in the Catholic church. Special memorial services will be held on that day at 8 a. m. in St. Mary's church.

The social given by the young ladies of St. Mary's church at the residence of the Misses Neuburger last Thursday evening was a most delightful affair. A very large crowd was present, and the vocal and instrumental music was greatly enjoyed.

Miss Katherine Burns, of the Conservatory of Music, Ann Arbor, has been appointed organist of St. Mary's church, Chelsea. Miss Burns will make her home with Mrs. C. E. Whitaker, and will be pleased to form a class in vocal or instrumental music.

The Cosgroves, who appeared at the Opera House last Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the W. R. C., gave one of the finest entertainments ever seen in the Opera House. There was not a dull item in the program, and there were more than a dozen encores, all gracefully responded to. Members of R. P. Carpenter Post, G. A. R., and the W. R. C. were conspicuous by their absence.

Remember the box social to be given Friday evening, Nov. 1, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Chase, by the B. Y. P. U. Every one is cordially invited to attend. A good time is guaranteed or money refunded. Conveyances will be furnished for all wishing to attend. First conveyance leaves Baptist church parlors at 7:15; last one leaves at 8:05. Hot coffee or Jersey milk served with the boxes.

Sullivan's Secret.

When John L. Sullivan was in Washington less than a year ago he amused a crowd of listeners who happened to be of a variety intellectually superior to the average crowd of hangers-on who worship the great man's memory for what he was, with an exhibition of attainments in which, according to John's ideas, brain instead of brawn and fist prowess plays the better part, says Washington Post. He told the age of any man in the crowd who was learned enough to add, subtract and divide a series of compound figures which John furnished, and nine times out of ten hit the mark. But one feat which he performed, and in which he believed with the fervor of an idolator, goes into the marvelous. It involved the telling whether the firstborn of a given couple was a boy or a girl. The way that this feat was accomplished was a profound secret with the puglist, but in a burst of confidence he disclosed the method to the writer. To solve the problem the only necessary data are the full maiden name of the mother and the full name of the father. According to Mr. Sullivan's formula, if, after counting the letters in both names, the sum is an even one, the first-born is a boy; if odd, the issue of the union is a girl. For example, all the letters in Mary Jane Brown and Hiram Smith form a total of twenty three, an odd number. Result, a girl. If this formula is reliable it will serve forecasting purposes as well as the establishment of post-facto results; but no editorial guaranty goes with the prescription.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whi-key or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at F. P. Glazier and Co's Drug Store.

Washington as a Mason.

George Washington, it is recalled now that the annual convention of the Knights Templar is attracting attention to the Masons, entered the fraternity before he was 21. He took his second degree when he came of age. His degrees were conferred in Fredericksburg Lodge 4, which was organized in Virginia under a dispensation from the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. The following records are copied from the books of Fredericksburg Lodge: "November 4, 1752—Received of George Washington, for his entrance, £28." "March 8, 1753—George Washington passed Fellow Craft." "August 4, 1753—George Washington raised Master Mason."

Karl's Clover Root, the great Blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures Constipation, 25 cts., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Winter Dairying.

The following is from Turf, Field and Farm: "If winter dairying is not practiced, a change to that, either wholly or largely, will materially increase the profits. In perfecting this change a special preparation is necessary. A warm, well ventilated stable, if not already provided, will be the first essential. An abundance of the various kinds of milk-producing food should always be provided for the support and well-being of the herd. For this purpose nothing is better than a good quality of hay (clover being the best) and good corn ensilage for roughage, with bran, corn meal, oat and pea meal, and cottonseed meal in connection. With these facilities, and a fair lot of cows and a careful man to attend to them, the dollars will come in for all extra outlay. With winter dairying the cows will remain dry during August, while the feed is short, and through the worst season for handling dairy products. Instead of February and March, and will give the dairymen the best portion of the year for making butter, and fair prices. The calves dropped in September or October will be well started by winter, will escape the worst part of the year for flies and heat, and will be in good shape to turn to grass by the following spring."

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Shiloh's Vitalizer saved my life. I consider it the best remedy I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cts. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Warm greens contrast with lavender and harmonize with buff.

Freeman's

In Dairy Products we offer

The Choicest Eagle Cheese

(Full Cream), soft and rich, at 12 cents per pound.

U. of M. Bon Ton Cheese

Is put in glass jars hermetically sealed, and will recommend itself to all lovers of

Good Old Cheese.

Choice Dairy Butter

In rolls or corks, at 20 cents per pound

FRUIT.

Oranges, Bananas, Lemons, Giant Figs, Cape Cod Cranberries, Fancy Canadian Snow Apples, Chestnuts and Grapes.

And all first-class groceries.

Freeman's

J. C. Twitchell,

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office in Hatch & Dnrand building.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN

DENTIST,

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer,

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

R. MCCOLGAN,

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in diseases of eye, ear and throat.

Office and residence corner Main and Park streets, Chelsea.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all its branches. Teeth examined and extracted free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

DR. BUELL,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office over H. S. Holmes' Store.

Office hours—9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 6 p. m. CHELSEA, MICH.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.



We have just received
a large lot of New
Cloaks and
Capes.

Coats like this cut, worth
\$8.00, this week
for

\$5.00.

Better goods, same style,
\$7, \$8 and \$10.

Worth \$10, \$12 and \$15.

SPECIAL.

Good Kid Gloves in all colors, 4 button length,

At 75 Cts.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

THE CASH STORE

Offers This Week:

A first-class Lantern, ready to light, 28 cents.

Salt Pork 6 cents per pound.

Oysters on ice.

Brooms cheaper than anywhere.

Buckwheat, Graham Wheat Flour and Corn Meal at bottom prices.

Try our 40-cent Tea; it's a dandy.

JOHN FARRELL.

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

STOVES STOVES

We sell the genuine Round Oak Stove, also a full line of Cook
Stoves, Ranges and Coal Heaters.

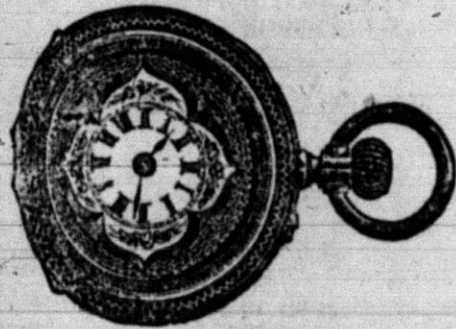
Our stock is complete, and prices are right.

Our stock of Furniture is larger than ever. Special Sale all this
month on Couches. Look through our stock before you purchase, and
save money.

W. J. KNAPP.

New stock of Moldings for Picture Frames. We do only first-class
work at Lowest Prices.

READY ON TIME



Couldn't have been so
without an accurate time-
piece.

Whether it is a clock,
watch or piece of jewelry
you want, you can be sure
of its reliability if you
buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

Dead or Alive.

I know good meat. Meat should not only be agreeable to the taste
and smell, but it should be cut so as to be attractive to the eye.

My Steak is most carefully selected and is tender and juicy.

Never has the difference in cash or credit meat shown so plain as at
Boyd's Market.

Oysters 25 Cents per Quart.

M. BOYD.

GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's
Auctioneer.

Headquarters
at

HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnish-
ed Free.



Here and There.

J. W. Beissel spent Sunday in Man-
chester.

R. A. Snyder was in Detroit Tuesday on
business.

Deputy Sheriff Staffan was in Ann
Arbor Monday on business.

U. H. Townsend has the frame of his
new house up and enclosed.

H. M. Woods, of Ann Arbor, was a
Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Charles P. Hartsuff and Miss Cora E.
Hadley, both of Unadilla, were married
Oct. 24, 1895.

Quarterly meeting services at the M. E.
church next Sunday. First quarterly
conference Nov. 4 at 9 a. m.

Harry W. Hubbard, of Jackson, and
Miss Miranda Vicary, of Waterloo, were
united in marriage Saturday, October 26,
1895.

"The humorous recitations by J. Wil-
liams Macy elicited roars of laughter."—
N. Y. Tribune. At the Opera House,
Chelsea, Nov. 6.

Fred Canfield has sold his property on
Orchard street to Thomas Fletcher and
will remove to Detroit, where he will en-
gage in business.

In Dakota and Wyoming one can buy
in a lump of 50 or 100 good, serviceable
horses at an average of 50 cents each. If
you make selections you must pay as high
as \$10 or even \$20.

The available stocks of wheat in the
United States and Canada last Saturday,
as reported by Bradstreet's, are placed at
66,666,000 bushels, against 102,085,000 for
the corresponding period last year.

Secretary of State Gardner's statistics
show that one out of every twelve mar-
riages in Michigan proves a failure and
ends in the divorce court. Yet, as Paul
says, no doubt "it is better to marry," etc.

John Wolfer, an old and respected citi-
zen of Waterloo, died Thursday morning,
aged about 50 years. He had been a resi-
dent of Waterloo for years and was highly
respected. He leaves a wife and several
grown children.

The eleventh annual meeting of the
Michigan conference, Woman's Home
Missionary Society of the M. E. church,
will be held at Lansing November 12, 13
and 14. An interesting program has
been prepared covering the several de-
partments of the work.

The law providing a sentence of two
years for persons convicted of being drunk
more than twice a year, which was origi-
nated by Police Justice Whelan, of De-
troit, has gone into effect all over the
state. Hereafter magistrates will be
obliged to keep a record of all the drunks
and disorderlies brought before them, and
when it is known that the person has been
twice convicted in the year he must be
bound to a higher court, where he may
receive a sentence of two years.

Season tickets for the Young People's
Entertainment Course are now on sale at
the stores of H. S. Holmes Mer. Co.,
W. P. Schenk & Co., R. S. Armstrong &
Co., L. T. Freeman, F. P. Ghazier & Co.,
W. J. Knapp. Price \$1.50. The first
entertainment will be held at the Opera
House on Wednesday evening, November
6. Secure your tickets at once. Reserved
seats can be procured at F. P. Ghazier &
Co.'s drug store on the day of each enter-
tainment upon presentation of season
ticket and payment of five cents.

Hicks, the weather prophet, says that
all the month of November is compara-
tively free from disturbing causes, accord-
ing to his storm diagram. The storm
period originating in October will reach a
crisis about the full moon on the 2d,
about which date a cold wave will be an-
nounced in the west and north. From
about 3d to 7th cold weather will prevail
in most parts of the country. Reaction-
ary temperature and storms will center
about the 8th and 9th, and will be fol-
lowed promptly by cold. Snow and rain
will result, more or less, at both the above
periods. About the 13th to 16th much
change to warmer may be expected, and
after a general storm of rain or snow—say
from about 16th to 18th—look for a change
to very cold. About the 19th and 20th
change to warmer, falling barometer and
more rains and snow. About 21st to 23d
sharp cold will reach most parts of the
country. A November blizzard in the
north and west need not surprise about
the 24th to 27th. Prepare for the cold
wave which will follow the period, whether
or not much rain results. Sleet will be a
marked figure of the disturbances. And
here is what Mansil, the Rock Island
prophet, says of the month of November:
"The principal disturbing positions of the
planets for November appear to be located
about the 1st to 8d, the 8th to 12th, the
15th to 17th or 18th, and the 24th to 27th
or 28th. The most violent electric storms
and earth disturbances will occur about
the dates given above. November, 1895,
will most likely be a stormy month. There
will be quite a number of sun spots devel-
oped during the period."

Hold Your Nose

To the grindstone if you want to, but if you
would rather straighten up and move through the
world with less wear and tear, and more money in
your pocket.

Then buy Groceries of us.

Note the following

POINTERS.

Our goods are always fresh and clean. Best assortment of any con-
cern in town. Our prices talk for themselves.

J. W. BEISSEL.

DON'T

LET THE
OPPORTUNITY

PASS!

CALL AND GET
PRICES ON

DRESS

GOODS

—AND—

CLOAKS

AT THE

NEW

STORE.

Respectfully,

THE COMMISSION DRY GOODS CO.

WE ARE HERE TO STAY.

McKune Building, Chelsea, Mich.

WE

ARE

NOW

Occupying the whole of
our building and invite
you to call and see how
we do our work.

Respectfully,

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY

W. S. HAMILTON,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Treats all diseases of the domes-
ticated Animals. Now permanently
located on Park street, across from
the Methodist Church.

Calls at all hours promptly at-
tended to.

CHELSEA, - - - MICH.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, - - - MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to busi-
ness is my motto. With this in view, I
hope to secure, at least, part of your
patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.

Any person who takes the paper regularly from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or whether he is a subscriber or not, is responsible for the pay. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncollected for a prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

THE reports of the weather bureau shows that the present drought is one of the severest, most general and most prolonged known since the organization of the bureau.

A NEW thirteen-inch gun tested by our navy department at a distance of 4,000 yards sent a projectile weighing 1,100 pounds through a sheet of steel fifteen inches thick and twelve feet into the earth beyond.

PROF. STEYGER, of the Smithsonian institute, has returned from the Behring sea, where he was sent by the government to make a study of the seals. He spent several months among the seal islands and has collected a budget of interesting facts as to the seal slaughter.

MME. MELBA is never nervous on the stage, and attributes her immunity from the misfortune which afflicts most opera singers to her simple diet. She holds that indigestion, brought on by irregular or self-indulgent habits of eating, is the great cause of nervousness and worry among actors and singers.

ONE of the most wonderful of the feather inhabitants of South America is the oven bird, which mixes with man and builds its nest in the form of a baker's oven. In this structure there are two compartments, one of which—where the eggs are laid—is high up, so that the birds may hatch their young in the dry.

SINCE 1880 the city of New Orleans has increased its assessment from \$91,000,000 to \$140,000,000, and its per capita of wealth from \$407 to \$541. The capital invested in manufactures has grown from \$8,565,303 to \$43,059,693. New Orleans is a representative southern city. The figures give a fair idea of what is going on in the new south.

MR. JUSTICE WHITE, one of the most portly members of the supreme court tribunal, has taken to the bicycle. He does not ride with grace as yet, but that will come in time. The bicycle conquest of the supreme court makes its victory in public life in Washington complete, as in the army, navy, diplomatic and congressional circles it has long had its devotees.

MRS. U. S. GRANT, who has just purchased ex-Senator Edmunds' house in Washington for \$60,000, is a young looking woman for her age. Her hair is only slightly touched with gray. Her voice and manner are youthful, but her brow shows a few wrinkles. She is energetic and business-like in her methods. It has always been her desire to end her days in Washington.

A Boston mechanical engineer is said to have invented a bicycle tire which can not be punctured by ordinary means. The merit of the invention lies in a woven tube or jacket, and, according to the accounts of a recent test, a journey over a road strewn with tacks would not seriously injure it. The tire is covered with a light coating of rubber, to give it surface and make it water-proof.

THE popularity of American shoes in Europe, and in other regions abroad, is steadily increasing. The exports so far this year show a considerable increase over last year. During the last week in September 7,443 pairs of shoes went from Boston to England, and in the same week New York shipped abroad \$14,270 worth of shoes, thirty-four cases of this quantity, valued at \$2,000, going to Constantinople.

THE site offered several months ago by Mayor Sutro, of San Francisco, for the affiliated colleges has been accepted by the regents of the University of California. It is twenty-six acres in extent. One-half of the ground is to be deeded outright to the regents, and the other half will be reserved for the Sutro library. The total value of Mayor Sutro's gift, including the library, will be more than \$1,000,000.

ACCORDING to the report of President Wilson, of the New York board of health, by reason of the introduction of anti-toxine, the mortality in that city from diphtheria has been reduced from 37 to 20 per cent, and the same authority claims that the reduction would have been much greater but for the limited supply and use of the new specific. The figures are sufficient to encourage the belief that even diphtheria may be robbed of its terrors.

PREPARATIONS are going on at the quarries at Long Cove, Knox county, Me., for what will be the largest blast ever fired in the state. A tunnel fifty-six feet long, three feet wide and four and one-half high, has been drilled into the solid granite, and from it branch out two smaller tunnels, and it is at the end of these two small tunnels that the charge of the mammoth blast will be placed. The charge will consist of about eight tons of powder, and it is expected that it will break out about 100,000 tons of granite. The work of drilling the tunnels has occupied about ten months.

SHOT THEM DOWN.

Would-Be Lynchers Given a Warm Reception at Tiffin, O.

They Storm the Jail in an Attempt to Secure a Murderer—Armed Guards Fire a Volley and Two Rioters Are Killed—Troops Called Out.

Tiffin, O., Oct. 28.—In an attempt early Sunday morning to avenge the murder of August Schultz, Tiffin's popular city marshal, who was shot down in cold blood by Leander J. Martin, alias Williams, a farmer of Hopewell township, last Wednesday evening, two more victims were added to the tragic affair. At 1:30 o'clock a mob of 150 infuriated men, many of whom were under the influence of liquor, attacked the jail in an effort to secure Martin and hang him. A volley from a half dozen Winchester met them and two of the mob were killed. They are: Henry Mutchler, Jr., and Christian Matz.

Early Sunday morning crowds began to gather in the vicinity of the jail, and Sheriff Van Nest, fearing further trouble, called out Company C, of the 16th regiment O. N. G., to maintain order. This company, which is stationed here, is not numerically strong, and the sheriff, thinking Capt. Loomis' men would be unable to cope with a more general civic uprising, telegraphed Gov. McKinley for more troops. The governor complied with the request, ordering three additional companies to the scene. During the day one company each came from Fremont and Sandusky, and late in the evening the company from Kenton arrived on the Big Four.

The news of the death of Schultz caused the wildest excitement in town and among the neighboring farms where the dead man was well known and liked. Schultz' funeral was held Saturday and was largely attended, the farmers for miles around adding their numbers to those of the friends of the marshal living in town. After the services there was much talk among the populace, especially the farmers living near Watson, and it was noticed as evening drew on that few of the tillers of the soil had taken their departure for home. Nothing was thought of this, however, as the farmers regard Saturdays at this season of the year as holidays, and often make a day of it "in town."

There was considerable drinking among the town crowd and plenty of talk about lynching Martin, but it was not taken for much. Sheriff Joe Van Nest, knowing Schultz' popularity had, however, taken the precaution the day after the murder to place four or five guards in the jail and arm them with Winchester. He said that he really expected no trouble, but put the men there "just to be on the safe side." At midnight most of the saloons closed and the town was apparently quiet.

Out at the old fair grounds just one mile east of the jail and courthouse an exciting midnight scene was being enacted. Belated residents making for their homes in that portion of the city noticed groups of men in various parts of the grounds. The groups grew and their numbers were augmented every few minutes by the arrival of people from various parts of the city and country. Shortly after 1 o'clock there was a concerted move, and the mob, which had at last found a leader, started into the city.

The marchers, on mob law bent, arrived at the jail at 1:30. With a terrible yell they demanded entrance to Sheriff Van Nest's official residence at the jail. Many members of the mob had obtained sledge hammers which they used with quick effect on the light door which leads to the corridor between the sheriff's residence and jail proper. This obstacle was demolished with a few sharp blows and the blood-thirsty mob surged inside the jail. Sheriff Van Nest and his deputies were prepared for intruders. He met the first part of the mob and demanded their instant withdrawal on penalty of the law and bodily harm if they ventured further. The brave officer of the law faced the infuriated throng revolver in hand, but he was overpowered by the reckless, partly intoxicated mob and his weapon wrested from his grasp.

After gaining access to the hallway and overpowering the sheriff, the mob soon broke open the solid steel door which separated them from the jail. Behind this is a heavy semi-circular barred door which was attacked with sledge hammers. After pleading and threats had failed to get the men to desist, the guards fired their revolvers into the ceiling. The sound of the fire-arms did not make the crowd flinch. As a last resort the guards, following the command of the sheriff, turned their death-dealing weapons direct upon the attacking party and poured a volley of lead into its midst.

The volley of six Winchester balls brought death to Henry Mutchler, Jr., and Christian Matz. They fell lifeless where they had stood helping in the work of battering down the obstacles to the cell in which Martin lay, crouching in fear of his life being taken away before the judgment of the law. The bodies of the two men were carried away by their comrades. This tragic check only served to add to the fury of the mob. The work of demolition was brought to a stop only because certain members of the mob had gone from the scene of lawlessness to secure dynamite

with which to destroy the jail and the hated inmates.

While the vain search for the terrible explosive was in progress Police Officers Sweeney and Faulkner went to Murderer Martin's cell, unlocked the door, handcuffed him and took him safely from the jail by a rear door which the mob had not thought of guarding. The hunted prisoner and his guards entered a waiting cab at the door and were driven at a furious pace to Fremont, 24 miles distant. The mob quickly learned that the object of their vengeance was no longer within reach and slowly dispersed after the hunt for dynamite had proved fruitless. Baffled in their plot to lynch the slayer of their friend, the marshal, the mob's rage and threats of vengeance were directed against the deputies who had killed two of their number. They tried to find the officers and learn their identity if possible, but their names are known only to the sheriff and a few trusted persons.

With the break of day excited crowds began to gather again in the vicinity of the jail and Sheriff Van Nest found it necessary to call out the local company of the Ohio national guard, as well as to apply to Gov. McKinley for additional companies.

Mutchler was 23 years old and a laborer. He was drunk during the night and was loud in agitating lynch law. Matz was 33 years old and a butcher. Neither was married.

The authorities at Fremont where the murderer, Leander J. Martin, alias Miller, was taken for safe keeping, became alarmed over the situation here and fearing that a mob from Tiffin might traverse the 18 miles intervening between the two cities and pay a visit to their jail Sunday night wired that they had sent the murderer under guard to Cleveland.

CAUGHT IN A TRAP.

A Tripple Murder Prevented and Its Projector Killed.

Phoenix, A. T., Oct. 28.—J. P. Hoxie a few days ago informed Sheriff Orme that he had been offered \$200 by a man named Venna to assist in killing a family of three persons living in Mesa, 20 miles east of here. The proposed victims were Dr. A. Williams, his wife and daughter. Venna said he was married to the daughter, but they had been separated. By the death of the three persons mentioned he would become sole heir to valuable property possessed by Williams in Kansas. The Williams family was warned of their danger, dummies were placed in their beds and officers secreted themselves in the house. At midnight Saturday Venna and Hoxie forced an entrance to the Williams residence. The officers ordered their surrender, and Venna, showing fight, was shot dead. It was then discovered that the dead man was none other than Dr. John Rose, who was at one time a prominent Arkansas physician. His statements to Hoxie regarding his connection by marriage to the Williams family and the existence of the Kansas property were perfectly correct, and he undoubtedly contemplated the cold-blooded murder of his wife, father-in-law and mother-in-law. A second accomplice of Rose named Cooley was also captured.

IOWA'S POPULATION.

Final Figures of the Census Shows It to Be 2,057,125.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 28.—The final figures on the census of Iowa were given out Saturday by counties. It is shown that the population of the state is 2,057,125. In 1890 it was 1,911,869, making a gain of 145,256. Of the 99 counties nine lost in population. They are Clayton, Henry, Jones, Keokuk, Lucas, Page, Davis, Pottawatomie, Woodbury. The losses of these nine counties aggregate 13,268, of which Woodbury, containing Sioux City, loses 9,430. All cities and towns made gains except Sioux City, Council Bluffs and Muscatine and a few small places. Dubuque made the largest gain and Fort Dodge the largest percentage of gain, about 80 per cent. in five years.

VICTIMS OF FOREST FIRES.

Three Children Burned to Death on the Onondaga Reserve in Wisconsin.

Green Bay, Wis., Oct. 28.—Information has reached this city from the Onondaga reservation of the death of three children as a result of the forest fires raging in that region. A number of dwellings were burned, some of them on the reservation and others just outside. Among those destroyed was that of John Skandore. His three children were alone in the house. The fire came down on the neighborhood very rapidly with a sudden change of wind and several had a narrow escape from death. It is supposed the children became panic-stricken when the house took fire and were unable to help themselves.

Fire in Ohio Oil District.

Toledo, O., Oct. 28.—A terrible fire has been raging in the oil district south of here ever since Sunday night. It caught in the edge of the little town of Mungen and burned over a strip about two miles long and a mile wide. The fire was right in the very heart of the best paying oil territory of the state, and, while it is impossible to give a really conservative estimate of the loss at the present time, it will run well up into six figures.

Fusion was voted against by the state executive committee of Texas populists.

FALL ELECTIONS.

States in Which Officers Are to Be Chosen November 5.

State elections will be held November 5 in 12 states and one territory, as follows: Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Nebraska, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania and the territory of Utah. Oregon, Rhode Island, Michigan, South Carolina and Wisconsin held elections early in the year.

The states to elect governors are: Iowa, to succeed Frank D. Jackson (rep.); Kentucky, to succeed John Young Brown (dem.); Maryland, to succeed Frank Brown (dem.); Massachusetts, to succeed Frederick T. Greenhalge (rep.); Mississippi, to succeed John M. Stone (dem.); New Jersey, to succeed George T. Werts (dem.); Ohio, to succeed William McKinley (rep.); and Utah, to succeed C. W. West (dem.), appointed by President Cleveland. On the democratic ticket in Utah the names of two candidates for the United States senate are placed for popular indorsement.

In Nebraska justices of the supreme court, term six years, to succeed T. L. Norval (rep.), and two regents of the state university, term six years, are to be elected.

In New York the ticket will be headed by nominees for secretary of state, term three years, to succeed John Palmer (rep.). A comptroller, treasurer, attorney-general, state engineer and judge of the court of appeals are also to be elected. The term of office for the latter is 14 and for the others three years. All of these offices are now held by republicans. Also an entire legislature, to consist of 50 senators, for terms of three years, and 150 assemblymen, for terms of one year, and several judges of the supreme court are to be elected. The senators chosen at this election will participate in the election of a United States senator to succeed David B. Hill (dem.), whose term expires March 3, 1897.

In Pennsylvania a state treasurer to succeed Samuel M. Jackson (rep.) is to be elected, also seven judges of the superior court (term ten years), a court recently created by the legislature. The law provides that one member of the court shall be a member of the minority party, no voter in the state being permitted to vote for more than six of the seven judges.

Although there is a total of seven different party tickets in the field the contests, with few exceptions, are as usual between the two old parties. In Mississippi the democrats and populists have the field exclusively. In New York the nominees of the so-called democratic reform party are identical with those of the democratic party. In Kansas the issue is between the republicans and the free silverites exclusively, and in Nebraska the free silverites are contesting with republicans, democrats, populists and prohibitionists. In New York and New Jersey socialist labor nominations have been made. With these exceptions the nominations in other states are made by the republican, democratic, people's and prohibition parties.

FANNED BY THE WINDS.

Fires Raging in Porter County, Ind., Threaten Great Destruction.

Crown Point, Ind., Oct. 28.—Should no rain fall in the next 24 hours and the high winds continue the southern portion of Porter county and part of Jasper, consisting of nearly 50,000 acres, will be one heap of ashes. Since high winds have prevailed life is in jeopardy. Flames have leaped fully 100 feet high. The land now burning belongs to Morris & Co., of Chicago, and already it is estimated at a low figure that 12,000 acres have burned over.

Sunday morning at 9 o'clock the fire, which was along the north side of the Kankakee river, made a leap at Sandy Hook of 100 feet across the stream and is now burning in the timber on the other side. Trees are being ripped off in short order, as the woods are as dry as a tinder box. People living at Baum's bridge, four miles from the flames, are preparing to move, as they are surely doomed if they remain. Thousands upon thousands of tons of hay were consumed, and \$150,000 worth of fatted cattle owned by Nelson Morris & Co. are in great danger. The herd, consisting of 2,700 head, is being driven south.

HURTS THE RESERVE.

Jewelers Withdrawing Gold Bars for Holiday Trade.

New York, Oct. 28.—The approach of the holiday trade is making a demand from jewelers for gold bars and is causing a loss in the treasury gold reserve. The jewelers present greenbacks at the subtreasury, for which they receive gold coin. They redeposit the coin and are given orders for gold bars on the assay office. The loss of gold to the treasury ranges from \$250,000 to \$750,000 a week. It is expected that the average will be high for some time to come. The same process is going on at other subtreasuries throughout the United States.

A TUG EXPLODES.

Two Men Killed and Several Injured in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—An explosion of the boiler on the Dunham Towing company's tugboat T. T. Morford Saturday morning in the south branch of the Chicago river at the Seventeenth street bridge resulted in two deaths and injuries to several men, some of whom may not recover.

THE W. C. T. U. AT WORK.

Miss Willard Re-elected as President—Their Platform.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 23.—Miss Frances E. Willard was Tuesday elected president of the W. C. T. U. for the seventh consecutive time. The ballot was announced as 361 votes for Miss Willard and 14 scattering. As the recording secretary cast the ballot of the convention for Miss Willard the delegates and visitors arose and sang: "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow."

Miss Willard was visibly affected and tears glistened in her eyes as she arose and with a tremulous voice thanked the convention for the great honor it had shown her. When Miss Willard announced that the proposed polyglot expedition to India had been abandoned, and that she would not leave the country during the coming year, the 2,000 persons in the hall expressed their gratification with cheers. At the conclusion of her address Miss Willard nominated Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens, of Maine, for vice president at large, a new office provided for by a recently adopted amendment to the constitution. She was unanimously elected.

Mrs. Katharine Lente Stevenson, of Massachusetts, was chosen corresponding secretary; Mrs. Clara C. Hoffman, of Missouri, was elected recording secretary; Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp, president of Kentucky W. C. T. U., was elected assistant recording secretary, and Mrs. Helen M. Barker, of Illinois, was elected treasurer.

During the afternoon the report of the committee on resolutions was under discussion for three hours. The more important of the resolutions were adopted and the remainder made a special order for this morning's session. A synopsis of the portion adopted is as follows:

The prohibition plank indorses the prohibition party "as the only political party with the courage to speak out boldly in favor of woman suffrage and the total annihilation of the liquor traffic." The republican and democratic parties were scored for unfaithfulness, and numerous incidents of broken faith, and repudiated promises were alleged. The franchise plank stated the belief that the ballot in the hands of women will hasten the overthrow of the liquor traffic and many other evils. It also embraces an educational limit for both sexes. The closing of the gates of the Atlantic exposition on the Sabbath day is approved whilst sorrow is expressed over the fact that a temporary post office established in Music hall for the accommodation of delegates, was kept open for a few hours last Sunday. The convention pledged itself to never again desecrate the holy day. The trap-shooters tournament now being held in Baltimore received the attention of the convention in a resolution condemning the cruelties of bird-shooting. The advance made in the use of unfettered wine at the sacramental table is rejoiced in: the "States Island basis" of union is recommended as the best plan to secure the political union of the reform forces of the nation against the allied evils of injustice and intemperance, and the use of tobacco and narcotics is condemned as liable to lead to the opium habit. Support is pledged the effort to raise a higher standard of purity for home and nation, and a strong plank declared against the lynching of any human, white or black.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 24.—Hundreds who tried were unable to gain admission to Music Hall Wednesday night to witness the closing scenes of the great W. C. T. U. convention. Banners were presented to several state unions which showed large gains in membership.

Miss Frances Willard carried the convention with her in a movement to include in fraternal relations Catholics and Hebrews. The question arose on the following resolution:

Resolved, That Catholic women and Hebrew women should be invited to send fraternal delegates from their annual conventions to ours and to establish branches of the White Ribbon society within their own borders.

One of the delegates suggested that it might not be quite consistent for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union to ask Hebrews to affiliate. This roused Miss Willard. She said:

"I want to recognize these two denominations, because in places where I have been, especially in the south, they exhibited sympathy in our work and have extended my courtesy. It has especially touched my heart that in meetings where I have presented the work of the organization among those who have welcomed me to the platform have been the Catholic priest and the Hebrew rabbi. They knew what I came for; they knew what I represented, and if they were broad enough to go half way and extend the hand of greeting, should my hand be so small and withered as not to accept the clasp? I want to welcome them to us if they want to come."

The principal business of the morning was the consideration of additional resolutions. Among them were the following:

Deplored the numerous outrages upon defenseless women and children, and urging that steps be taken to mold public opinion, or to secure such legislation as would secure the victim a greater degree of protection. Indorsing the temperance hospital which does not administer brandy and other intoxicants in medicine, relying in the usefulness of the various young people's societies of the churches; commending the organization of the Woman's Christian Temperance union lecture bureau and expressing appreciation of the Demorest Temperance Medical contests; asking for a place for women on the dividers commissions of the various states.

When Armenia was mentioned Miss Willard offered an amendment calling on the United States government to make its power felt in the diplomatic councils of the nations on the subject of Armenia. The amendment was carried.

Resolutions were adopted extending to Theodore Roosevelt "our hearty thanks for his bravery in standing for the right and demonstrating that the saloons can be closed on the Sabbath in New York city," and also expressing "our appreciation of the action of Gov. Culberson, of Texas, in preventing the disgrace of a prize fight in that commonwealth."

